



CRIMEAN HUMAN RIGHTS GROUP

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CRIMEAN HUMAN RIGHTS SITUATION REVIEW

June 2019

The monitoring review was prepared
by the Crimean Human Rights Group
on the basis of materials collected
in June 2019

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1. INTRODUCTION

The **Crimean Human Rights Group (CHRG)** is an organization of the Crimean human rights defenders and journalists, the purpose of which is to promote the observance and protection of human rights in Crimea by attracting widespread attention to the problems of human rights and international humanitarian law in the territory of the Crimean peninsula, as well as the search and development of mechanisms to protect the human rights in Crimea.

The **CHRG** first of all obey the rules of basic documents in the field of human rights, such as: the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Helsinki Final Act, the Convention on the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on economic, social and cultural Rights and others.

The main objectives of the **CHRG**:

- 1) Collection and analysis of the information regarding the human rights situation in Crimea;
- 2) Broad awareness among governments, international organizations, intergovernmental organizations, non-governmental organizations, the media and other target groups through the publication and spreading of analytical and information materials on the human rights situation in Crimea;
- 3) Promote the protection of human rights and respect for international law in Crimea;
- 4) Preparation of recommendations for government authorities and international organizations in the sphere of human rights;
- 5) Providing the presence of “human rights in the Crimea topics” in the information space.

The **CHRG's** team consists of experts, human rights activists and journalists from different countries who are involved in monitoring and documenting human rights violations in Crimea, since February, 2014.

During preparation and spreading of the information the **CHRG** is guided by principles of objectivity, reliability and timeliness.



2. CIVIL AND POLITICAL RIGHTS

RIGHT TO LIBERTY AND SECURITY OF THE PERSON

SEARCHES AND DETENTIONS

On June 4th the FSB men searched the homes of city residents accused of membership in the JEHOVAH'S WITNESSES religious organization. The JEHOVAH'S WITNESSES IN RUSSIA website reported at least 9 searches, including one when the FSB men got into the apartment, with the owners absent, having broken the door. During the searches hard disks, mobiles, tablets were withdrawn. After the search **Mr Viktor Stashevsky** was detained by the FSB. He was released only the next day, when agreed to travel restrictions. The searches were authorized by Mr Anatoliy Vasilenko, a judge of 'Leninsky District Court'. According to the website information, the faithful were called to be interrogated by FSB investigator A.Chumakin on June 5th¹. The Russian mass media informed that religious books, reports on collecting donations, Jehovah's Witnesses brochures, religious lecture texts, e data media had been withdrawn during the searches².

On June 10th 7 houses of the Crimean Tatars were searched in Alushta, Belogorsk, and Simferopol districts. The searches were followed with detentions: **Ruslan Nagayev and Eldar Kantemirov** in Alushta, **Ruslan Mesutov** in the village of Malyi Mayak, **Lenur Khalilov** in the village of Izobilnoye, **Eskender Suleymanov** in the settlement of Strogonovka, **Ayder Djepparov** in the settlement of Zuya, Belogorsk District, **Riza Omerov** in Belogorsk³. Mr Eskender Suleymanov is a brother of Ruslan Suleymanov, a defendant within the 'Crimean Muslims Case'. **Mr Enver Ometov**, the father of Mr Riza Ometov, detained that day, was detained in Kerch when he was going to Rostov-na-Donu to be present at the hearings on his son-in-law's case — Aider Ismailov, a defendant within the 'Crimean Muslims Case'⁴.

All detained were convoyed to the RF FSB department in Simferopol and accused of membership in the Hizb-ut-Tahrir religious organization (see the section 'Case of Crimean Muslims' for details).

On June 11th Ms **Gulsum Aliyeva**, an activist, was detained at the administrative border with Crimea and convoyed to the RF police station in Armiansk. Lawyer Aleksey Ladin came to Armiansk and informed that Ms Aliyeva was accused under RF CoAO Article 20.3.1 (*incitement of hatred or enmity*)⁵. The administrative case against Ms Aliyeva was started after the decriminalization of RF CC Article 282 she had been charged with in 2018. Ms Aliyeva was released the same day. On June 17th the lawyer informed that the 'Alushta Prosecutor's Office' stopped an administrative procedure against Gulsum Aliyeva⁶.

¹ JEHOVAH'S WITNESSES IN RUSSIA / Mop Up Operation on Jehovah's Witnesses and Detention in Sevastopol <https://jw-russia.org/news/19060510-904.html>

² VESTI. KRYM / Head of Jehovah's Witnesses Sect Detained <https://youtu.be/OBwQv1mzqlw>

³ Krym.Realii / 8 Persons Detained in Crimea by Russian Law Enforcement Men After Searches <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-v-krymu-posle-obyskov-zaderzhali-vosem-chelovek/29990926.html>

⁴ <https://www.facebook.com/photo.php?fbid=1566074936862436&set=a.662734553863150>

⁵ <https://www.facebook.com/crimeansolidarity/photos/a.416800078687454/86072177628613/>

⁶ <https://www.facebook.com/alexey.ladin.3/posts/2188009444649762>



On June 14th E Center men (Center for Counteracting Extremism, RF Police Department) searched the house of **Bekir Murtazayev** in the village of Krasnovka, Simferopol District. After the search the E Center men took Mr **Emirkhan Murtazayev**, Bekir's son, for interrogation. He was released after the interrogation, and lawyer Isliam Veliliyev informed that he had been questioned on his membership in the Hizb-ut-Tahrir religious organization⁷.

POLITICALLY MOTIVATED CRIMINAL PROSECUTION

As at June 2019, **93 persons** were deprived from liberty within a politically motivated criminal and/or religious persecution. The full list is published at the CHRG website.⁸

“CASE OF CRIMEAN MUSLIMS”

In June the number of Crimeans deprived from liberty within the ‘Case of Crimean Muslims’ totaled **66 persons**.

Among them, 63 are charged with RF CC Article 205.5 (*Organization of actions or participation in a terrorist organization*), 2 — RF CC Article 282.2 (*Organization of actions or participation in an extremist organization*) and 1 — RF CC Article 205.2 (*Public appeals to terrorist actions*).

All defendants of this case are accused of relations with Islamic organizations or propagandizing the activities of organizations — Hizb-ut-Tahrir” and ‘Tablighi Jamaat’ — declared terrorist or extremist in the RF though this is not the case according to the Ukrainian laws. Persecuting Ukrainian nationals on the occupied territory of Ukraine for membership in these organizations constitutes international human law norm violations.

On June 3rd ‘Kievsky District Court of Simferopol’ found legal starting a criminal case against **Arsen Abkhairov, Rustem Emiruseinov, and Eskender Abdulganiyev** detained on February 14th 2019 under the charge of Hizb-ut-Tahrir membership⁹.

On June 6th Timur Slezko, and Anatoliy Osochenko, judges of the ‘Supreme Court of Republic of Crimea’ (hereinafter SCRC) extended detention periods for **Ernes Ametov, Timur Ibragimov, Edem Smailov, Server Mustafayev** till August 9th 2019.¹⁰ The extension had been requested by Mr Dmitriy Gramashov, a RF FSB investigator¹¹. On June 25th judges Timur Slezko, and Eduard Belousov upheld a decision on keeping in custody for **Ernes Ametov, and Edem Smailov**.

On June 6th SCRC judge Galina Red'ko upheld a decision on keeping in custody for **Marlen Asanov** till June 9th 2019¹². The decision on keeping **Marlen Asanov** in custody and the appeal

⁷ Krym. Realii / Resident of Crimean Village of Krasnovka Withdrawn Equipment After Search — Lawyer <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-u-zhitelya-krymskogo-sela-krasnovka-polse-obiska-izyali-tekhniku/29999487.html>

⁸ <https://crimeahrg.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/Lisheniya-svobody-iyun-2019.pdf>

⁹ Krym. Realii / Court in Crimean Found Commencement of Case Against Three Hizb-ut-Tahrir Defendants Legal <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-sud-krym-khizb-ut-tahrir/29979576.html>

¹⁰ <https://www.facebook.com/crimeansolidarity/posts/856949384672519>

¹¹ SCRC / List of cases to be heard on 6 June 2019 Cases no no 3/2-43/2019, 3/2-45/2019, 3/2-46/2019, 3/2-48/2019 https://vs--krm.sudrf.ru/modules.php?name=sud_delo&srv_num=1&H_date=06.06.2019

¹² SCRC / List of cases to be heard on 6 June 2019 Cases no no 22K-1803/2019 https://vs--krm.sudrf.ru/modules.php?name=sud_delo&srv_num=1&H_date=06.06.2019



against this decision were considered by the same 'court', that constitutes a violation of Marlen Asanov's right to a fair trial. On June 25th SCRCR judge Eduard Belousov considered the appeal on extending the detention period for **Ernes Ametov**. The appeals were considered by the court that had considered the first instance judgement. Judge Eduard Belousov (14 times earlier) and judge Galina Red'ko (8 times earlier) passed judgements on extending detention periods within the 'Case of Crimean Muslims', including the similar judgement passed by judge Eduard Belousov regarding server Zekir'yayev and Marlen Asanov. Such practice breaks the principle of court hearing impartiality.

On June 7th SCRC judges Oleg Lebed' and Eduard Belousov extended detention periods for **Seyran Saliyev, Marlen Asanov, Memet Belialov, and Server Zekir'yayev** till August 9th 2019. The extension had been requested by Mr Dmitriy Gramashov, a RF FSB investigator¹³.

On June 7th the Rostov Regional Court upheld a decision on keeping in custody for **Izzet Abdullayev, Yashar Muedinov, and Tofik Abdulgazyev** till August 19th¹⁴.

On June 10th the RF FSB men detained 8 Muslims in Kerch, Alushta, Bakhchisarai, and Sevastopol, accused of the Hizb-ut-Tahrir religious organization membership. Legal actions were brought against **Enver Umerov, Lenur Khalilov and Ruslan Mesutov** under RF CC Article 205.5-1 (*Organization of actions of a terrorist organization*), and against **Ayder Djepparov, Riza Omerov, Ruslan Nagayev, Eldar Kantemirov, and Eskender Suleymanov** under RF CC Article 205.5-2 (*Participation in the actions of a terrorist organization*).

On June 10th Galina Khulapova, Anton Tsykurenko, and Denis Didenko, judges of Kievsky District Court of Simferopol, were passed judgements on keeping **Ayder Djepparov, Riza Omerov, Eskender Suleymanov, and Enver Omerov** in custody till August 5th. The extension had been requested by RF FSB men Sergey Makhnev and S.A.Bosiyev¹⁵.

On June 11th Galina Khulapova, Viktor Krapko, and Denis Didenko, judges of Kievsky District Court of Simferopol, were passed the similar judgements against **Lenur Khalilov, Ruslan Mesutov, Ruslan Nagayev, and Eldar Kantemirov**. The extension had been requested by RF FSB major S.O.Vlasov¹⁶.

On June 18th the Military Division of the North Caucasus Area Military Court chaired by judge Anatoliy Kolesnik, sentenced **Teymur Abdullayev** to 17 years's imprisonment in the maximum security regime colony, **Uzeir Abdullayev** to 13 years, **Rustem Ismailov** to 14 years, **Ayder Saledinov and Emil Djemadenov** to 12 years¹⁷.

On June 24th Anatoliy Kolesnik, a judge of North Caucasus Area Military Court, upheld a decision on keeping in custody till August 18th 2019 for **Muslim Aliyev, Inver Bekirov, Refat Alimov, Arsen Djepparov, Vadim Siruk, and Emir Usein Kuku**. The judgement on keeping in custody was passed by the same court on April 26th 2019¹⁸.

¹³ SCRC / List of cases to be heard on 7 June 2019 Cases no no 3/2-44/2019, 3/2-47/2019, 3/2-49/2019, 3/2-50/2019 https://vs--krm.sudrf.ru/modules.php?name=sud_delo&srv_num=1&H_date=07.06.2019

¹⁴ <https://www.facebook.com/crimeansolidarity/posts/857690037931787>

¹⁵ Kievsky District Court / List of cases to be heard on 10 June 2019 Cases no no 3/1-133/2019, 3/1-134/2019, 3/1-135/2019, 3/1-136/2019 https://kiev-simp-h--krm.sudrf.ru/modules.php?name=sud_delo&srv_num=1&H_date=10.06.2019

¹⁶ Kievsky District Court / List of cases to be heard on 10 June 2019 Cases no no 3/1-133/2019, 3/1-134/2019, 3/1-135/2019, 3/1-136/2019 https://kiev-simp-h--krm.sudrf.ru/modules.php?name=sud_delo&srv_num=1&H_date=10.06.2019

¹⁷ Krym.Realii / Court in Rostov Sentenced Defendants of Simferopol Hizb-ut-Tahrir Case to Long Imprisonment in Maximum Security Regime Colony <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-sud-v-rostove-vynes-prigovor-figurantam-simferopolskogo-dela-hizb-ut-tahrir/30005522.html>

¹⁸ <https://www.facebook.com/crimeansolidarity/posts/869702836730507>



“UKRAINIAN SABOTEURS’ CASE”

In June **13** people were in custody, that were accused by the RF FSB of ‘preparing subversions and spying’ when detained. These cases feature recorded facts of unlawful investigation methods, torturing to get confessions, violation of presumption of innocence, dissemination of ‘confession’ videos by the FSB via the mass media.

On June 6th ‘SCRC judge Andrey Paliy sentenced **Mr Konstantin Davydenko**, a Ukrainian national, to 10 years and 6 months in the maximum security regime colony. He was accused of spying for Ukraine under RF CC Article 276 (*collection of data being the national security information to be transferred to a foreign state*). Konstantin Davydenko was detained on February 11th 2018 in Simferopol and is kept in the Simferopol Detention Center¹⁹.

“PERSECUTION FOR CHARGING WITH BEING IN N. CHELEBIDJIKHAN BATALLION”

The official reason for persecuting the people detained in Crimea under RF CC Article 208-2 is that they failed to come voluntarily to the RF law enforcement bodies and declare their participation in the Crimean Tatar Noman Chelebidjikhhan Volunteer Battalion. The evidence of the battalion actions against the RF interests declared by the investigation is the information of mass media that the purpose of the battalion establishment was to de-occupy Crimea.

Given that a reason for persecution is a membership in the organization which purpose is to de-occupy Crimea and that is not involved in the armed conflict, the persecution as depriving from liberty may be considered a politically motivated persecution.

In June the CHRГ recorded three judgements considered by the SCRC (June 19th, 25th and 26th) on detaining (in absentia) three Crimeans under RF CC Article 208-2 (*participation in an unlawful military unit acting against the RF interests*). In all cases the judgement was upheld. One of the judgements indicates that the Crimean is suspected of participating in the N.Chelebidjikhhan Battalion. The practice of applying RF CC Article 208 in Crimea makes it possible to state that the criminal cases has been started in other cases on the same grounds. The judgements declare that the persecuted have been put on the All-Russian wanted list.

VOLODYMYR BALUKH’S CASE

On June 10th **Volodymyr Balukh** informed the lawyer that he had been presented the documents declaring him a RF national in Colony No 4 in Torzhok. The documents refer to the opinion of the Crimean ‘expert’. Earlier, on May 7th, the coloy administration did not allow the Consul of Ukraine to visit Mr Balukh, referring to the fact that the Ukrainian was a RF national²⁰, though Volodymyr Balukh had not obtained a RF national passport and had been sentenced as Ukrainian national.

¹⁹ CHRГ/ Konstantin Davydenko in Crimea Awarded A Sentence for ‘Spying’ for Ukraine <https://crimeahrg.org/v-krymu-vynesli-prigovor-konstantinu-davydenko-za-shpionazh-v-polzu-ukrainy/>

²⁰ CHRГ / Nationality of Balukh — FSIN Referring to ‘Crimean Expert’ <https://crimeahrg.org/grazhdanstvo-baluha-fsin-ssylaetsyana-krymskogo-eksperta/>



On June 21st lawyer Olga Dinze informed that Volodymyr Balukh had been again placed by the colony administration to the punishment cell for 15 days, starting from June 17th²¹. For 3 months of staying in the colony Volodymyr Balukh spent 70 days in the punishment cell.

On June 28th the lawyer informed that Volodymyr Balukh had declared a hunger strike and had not been rejecting meals and water for two days, protesting against the violation of his right to meet with the Consul of Ukraine²².

EDEM BEKIROV'S CASE

On June 6th Anton Tsykurenko, a judge of 'Kievsky District Court of Simferopol', extended a detention period for **Mr Edem Bekirov**, a category 1 disabled person, till August 12th²³.

CONFINEMENT CONDITIONS IN DETENTION FACILITIES

On June 6th the convoy did not give any meals for **Edem Bekirov**, suffering of diabetes, for more than 12 hours. All this time Mr Bekirov was waiting for the 'court' to assign a pre-trial restriction for him²⁴.

On June 11th the European Court of Human Rights passed a judgement on hospitalizing immediately Edem Bekirov²⁵. The Russian authorities ignored this judgement. Lawyer Aleksey Ladin informed that he had received a copy of resolution issued by Ivan Romanets, a FSB investigator, that stated the FSB doubts in the originality of the ECHR judgement²⁶. The 'Prosecutor's Office of Crimea' rejected to react on the RF FSB refusal to move Mr Bekirov to the hospital (*Annex 1*). Edem Bekirov was in the Simferopol Detention Center for the entire June.

²¹ CHRГ / 'Repeat Violator' — Colony Administration Trying to Worsen Balukh's Situation <https://crimeahrg.org/zlostnyj-narushitel-administracziya-kolonii-pytaetsya-uhudshit-polozhenie-baluha/>

²² Krym.Realii / Lawyer About Starving Balukh's Condition: He Has Not Slept for 48 Hours and Does Not Drink Water' <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-baluh-advokat-golodovka/30026386.html>

²³ <https://www.facebook.com/crimeansolidarity/videos/2399069220364071/>

²⁴ Krym.Realii / Crimean Tatar Activist Bekirov Waited For a Court Session Without Meals and Medical Aid for About 12 Hours — Lawyer <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-krymskotatarskii-aktivist-bekirov/29985312.html>

²⁵ Krym.Realii / ECHR Committed To Place Crimean Tatar Activist Edem Bekirov In Hospital — Lawyer <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-espch-obyazal-pomestit-krymskotatarskogo-akrivista-bekirova-v-bolnitsu/29993952.html>

²⁶ https://www.facebook.com/permalink.php?story_fbid=2322276881348864&id=100006997234169



FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND EXPRESSION

On June 10th Sergey Romanov, a judge of 'Nakhimovsky District Court of Sevastopol', sentenced **Mr Valeriy Bol'shakov**, to 2 years and 6 months of suspended imprisonment with a 2 year's trial period for publications where he had expressed his dissatisfaction with actions of the RF authorities and R President Vladimir Putin. In the sentence the judge refers to the opinion of expert I.V.Tarzhmakova who stated that Mr Bolshakov had made 'statements provoking acts of violence against the group of 'representatives of authorities'.

On June 20th Vladimir Agin, a 'SCRC' judge, upheld a penalty imposed on Crimean Tatar activist Ms **Lutfiye Zudiyeva**. The activist had been fined, inter alia, for a post with Muslim symbols that was tagged by the post author, though she herself had not done nothing to create and place the post on the page²⁷.

FREEDOM OF ASSEMBLY AND ASSOCIATION

On June 15th, at eve of the Crimean Tatar Flag Day, the 'prosecutor's office' staff emailed 'a warning on inadmissibility of violation of the laws on rallies' to Crimean Tatar activist **Nariman Djelialov**²⁸.

On June 25th the same warning letter was received by Ms **Emine Avamileva**²⁹ and **Mr Kurtseit Abdullayev** (*Annex 2*). In the warning letter the 'prosecutor's office' threatens with administrative and criminal persecutions in case of holding unauthorized peaceful assemblies.

On June 26th the RF police stopped a car rally dedicated to the Crimean Tatar Flag, four times. The reason for stopping was driver's document check³⁰.

On June 26th the Crimean Tatars News Company informed that the RF authorities had denied the residents of settlement of Oktiabrskoye to held a car rally dedicated to the Crimean Tatar Flag Day. The official reasons for denial were incorrectly filled in applications, a delayed submission, and an 'unclear route'. The RF policemen came to the start place where the participants were meeting, informed that the car rally was unauthorized, and threatened with a liability for its holding. Some Russian policemen were video recorded the activists who came³¹.

²⁷ «SCRC» / List of cases to be heard on 20 June 2019. Case no 12-293/2019 https://vs--krm.sudrf.ru/modules.php?name=sud_delo&sv_num=1&H_date=20.06.2019

²⁸ Krym.Realii / Russian Law Enforcement Bodies Tried To Hand a 'Warning Notice' to Activist Djelial at the Crimean Tatar Flag Day Eve <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-dzhelyal-predosterezheniye-den-krymskotatarskogo-flaga/30020214.html>

²⁹ <https://www.facebook.com/emine.avamileva.3/posts/1640249466105087>

³⁰ Krym Realii / Russian Police Stopping Participants of Car Rally for Crimean Tatar Flag Day <https://ru.krymr.com/a/news-policyja-ostanavlivaet-uchastnikov-avtoprobega-ko-dnyu-krymskotatarskogo-flaga/30021829.html>

³¹ <https://www.facebook.com/crimeantatars.club/videos/2295673433855760/>



FREEDOM OF THOUGHT, CONSCIENCE AND RELIGION

On June 4th in Sevastopol the FSB men searched at least 9 houses of the members of the Jehovah's Witnesses religious organization. After the search the FSB men took **Viktor Stashevsky** for interrogation and released only in the morning of June 5th. The searches and detentions were held within the criminal case commenced under Article 282.2 (management of actions of an extremist organization) (*for more detail see section 'Detentions and Searches'*).

On June 10th the FSB men detained 8 Muslims accused of Hizb ut Tahrir religious organization membership in Kerch, Alushta, Bakhchisarai, and Sevastopol (*for more detail see section 'Detentions and Searches'*).

On June 8th the 'Court of Appeal' of Crimea passed a decision on terminating a tenancy contract for premises at 17 Sevastopolska Street that had been made with the Crimean Eparchy of the Ukrainian Orthodox Church of Kyivan Patriarchate (KP UOC) before the occupation. The 'court' committed the church to return the premises to the 'Ministry of Property and Land relations' of Crimea and charge RUR12,000 of stamp duty for the RF Federal Budget. The reason for terminating the contract is a debt of UAH2.3. The functioning Cathedral of Sts Vladimir and Olga of KP UOC is located in the building at 17 Sevastopolska Street.

3 new administrative cases under RF CoAO Article 5.26 (*violation of laws on the freedom of conscience, religion and on religious associations*) regarding the religious organizations and their members for missionary actions were recorded in June.



3. VIOLATIONS OF INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW

GENEVA CONVENTION (III) RELATIVE TO THE TREATMENT OF PRISONERS OF WAR

On June 11th lawyer Anastasia Georgiyevskaya informed that the RF FSB investigators had forbidden POW **Vladimir Tereschenko** to meet and call the relatives and rejected a phone call to the lawyer³².

On June 28th lawyer Aleksandra Markova informed that her client — POW **Andrey Eyder** had been receiving the letters from the relatives with a significant delay, and he had been allowed just once to call the relatives since the moment of seizure³³.

On June 26th the MFA of Ukraine received a note from the MFA of RF that stated a continuation of the criminal procedure against the Ukrainian POWs and a readiness to transfer them to the Ukrainian side if Ukraine guaranteed the further involvement of the POW into the criminal procedure.

The RF accuses the Ukrainian POWs under RF CC Article 322.3 (*illegal crossing of the border*). The criminal persecution of the POWs for the actions performed before the seizure, and consideration of their case not by a military court violate Articles 84 and 85 of the Geneva Convention (III).

GENEVA CONVENTION (IV) RELATIVE TO THE PROTECTION OF CIVILIAN PERSONS IN TIME OF WAR

CONSCRIPTION OF PERSONS LIVING IN THE OCCUPIED TERRITORY INTO ARMED FORCES OF OCCUPYING POWER AND PROPAGANDA OF JOINING VOLUNTARILY THE ARMED FORCES

The ARMIA 2019 military and engineering forum was held on June 28th — 30th in the PATRIOT Sevastopol Park. The forum organizer was the RF Armed Forces. Several army tents were placed next to the exhibition, advertising the contracted service in the RF AF. There was also a trading tent on the exhibition territory — VOEYNTORG (Military Trade) where the clothes with the RF army symbols, including those for children, were sold³⁴.

THE REVIEW WAS PREPARED BY:

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³² https://www.facebook.com/anastasia.georgiyevskaya/posts/2888476837845849?_tn_ =H-R

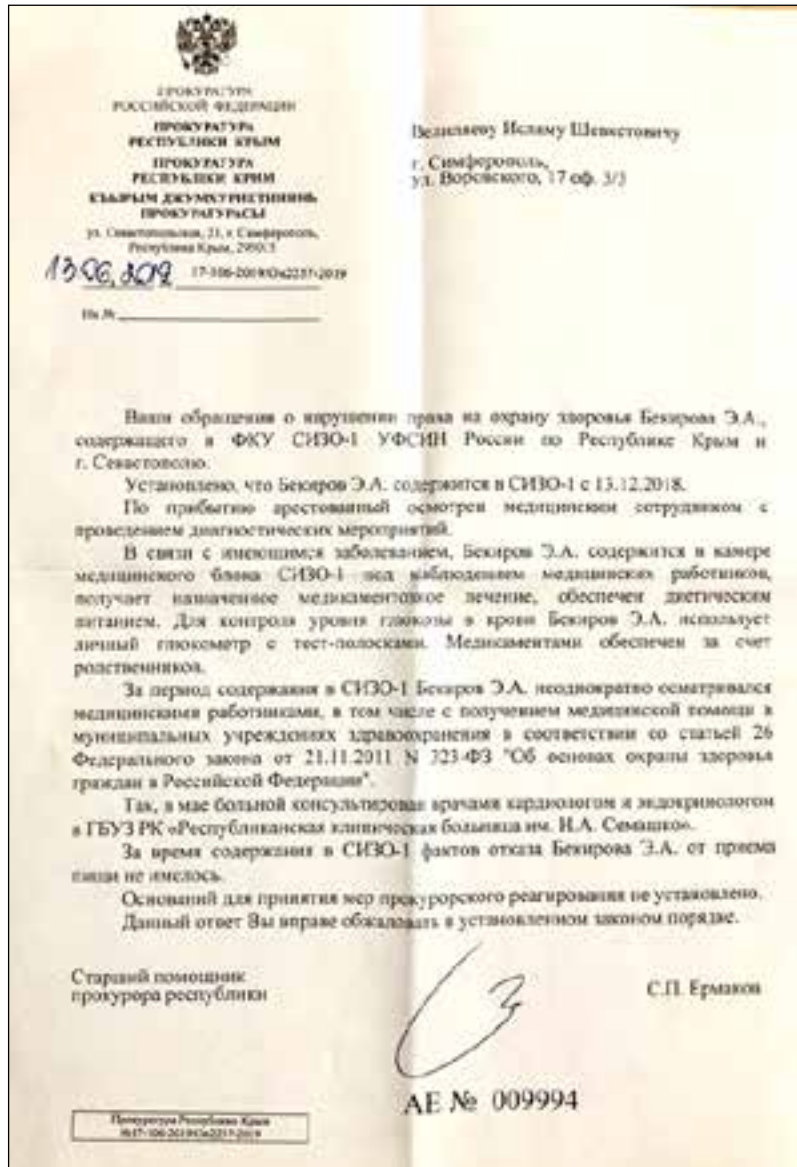
³³ <https://www.facebook.com/alexandra.markova.7/posts/2126352487413264>

³⁴ CHRG / Ambitious Propaganda of Services in the Occupying Power Army Held in Sevastopol <https://crimeahrg.org/masshtabnyu-propagandu-sluzhby-v-armii-strany-okkupanta-provodyat-v-sevastopole/>



4. ANNEXES

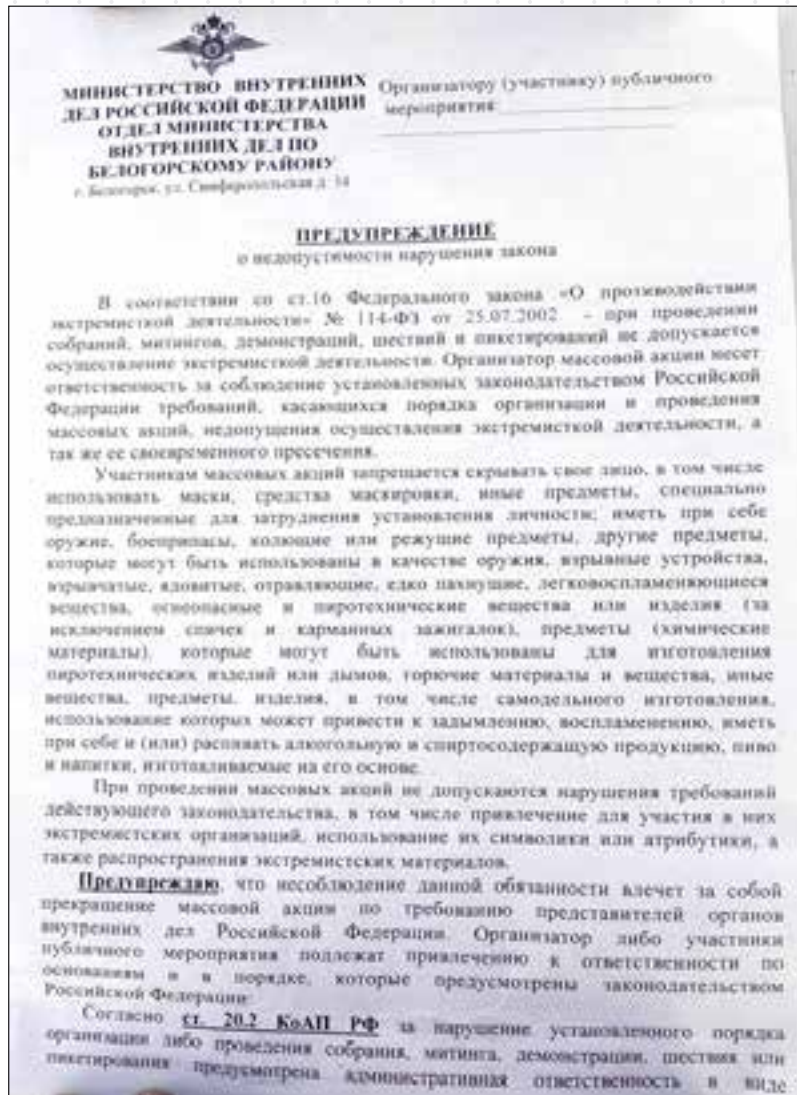
ANNEX 1



The "prosecutor's office" answer regarding the FSB RF refusal to move Mr Bekirov to the hospital, June 13, 2019



ANNEX 2



The fragment of “the warning letter on the inadmissibility of violation of the legislation of the Russian Federation on rallies” that was sent to activists from Ministry of Interior of RF